

Fire Operations Best Management Practices for Sage Grouse Conservation

- 1. Maintain firefighter and public safety as the overriding priority.
- 2. Request a resource advisor for all extended attack fires in or near sage grouse areas.
- 3. Utilize Resource Advisors (READ) to identify critical areas within general or priority habitats.
- 4. Minimize unnecessary cross country travel during fire operations in sage grouse habitat.
- 5. When safe and practical minimize burnout operations in key sage grouse habitat.
- 6. Use retardant, mechanized equipment, and available resources to limit acres burned.
- 7. As safety allows, mop up islands, dog legs, and other features to minimize sage brush burned.
- 8. Use existing fuel breaks to minimize fire spread.
- Locate fire camp and facilities such as helibases, staging areas, etc. in areas where
 physical disturbance to sage grouse habitat can be minimized; i.e. disturbed areas,
 grasslands,near roads/trails or in other areas with minimal sagebrush cover. Use
 READs to assist with these efforts.
- 10. Power wash all fire fighting vehicles prior to the first assignment in sage grouse habitat and between calls to prevent the spread of noxious weeds.
- 11. On critical fire weather days preposition resources to optimize an efficient response in sage grouse habitat.
- 12. Document fire operations in sage grouse habitat to facilitate rehab and follow up actions after the fire has been contained.
- 13. Notify Miles City Dispatch of fires in Sage Grouse habitat. (406) 233-2913